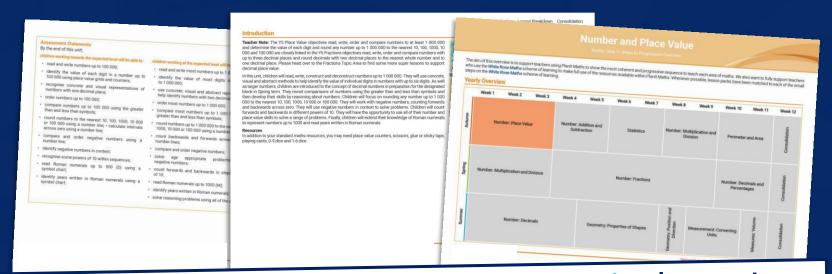




# Need a coherently planned sequence of lessons to complement this resource?



See our Number and Place Value Steps to Progression document.



# Counting in Powers of Ten





#### Aim

• To count in steps of powers of ten.

#### Success Criteria

- I can identify the value of each digit in a number.
- I can identify which digit will change when adding or subtracting a power of 10.
- I can count forwards and backwards in steps of powers of 10.



#### Remember It



Choose each digit once to complete the number statements.

8

3

5





What is a power of 10?



Look at this pattern:

$$10^1 = 10$$
  
 $10^2 = 100$   
 $10^3 = 1000$ 

What do you notice?







 $10^1 = 10$ 

 $10^2 = 100$ 

 $10^3 = 1000$ 

The small digit next to each 10 is called the index number, or the power.

It tells you how many times you should multiply the given number by itself - the given number in this case is 10, as we are looking at powers of 10.

We read the calculations as '10 to the power of'. For example,  $10^1$  is '10 to the power of 1' and  $10^2$  is '10 to the power of 2'. Sometimes, we say '10 squared' instead of '10 to the power of 2'.

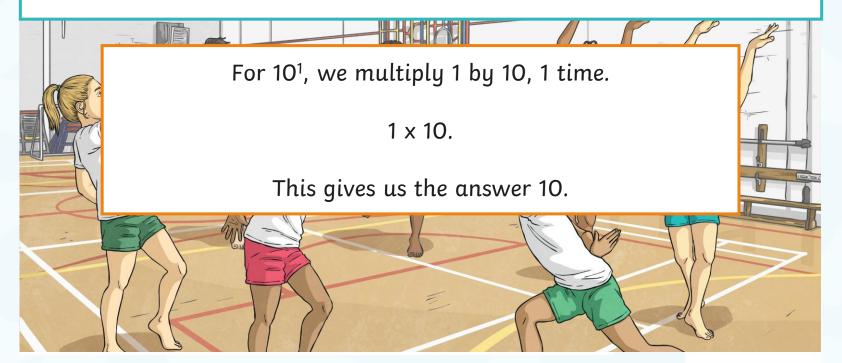




 $10^1 = 10$ 

 $10^2 = 100$ 

 $10^3 = 1000$ 



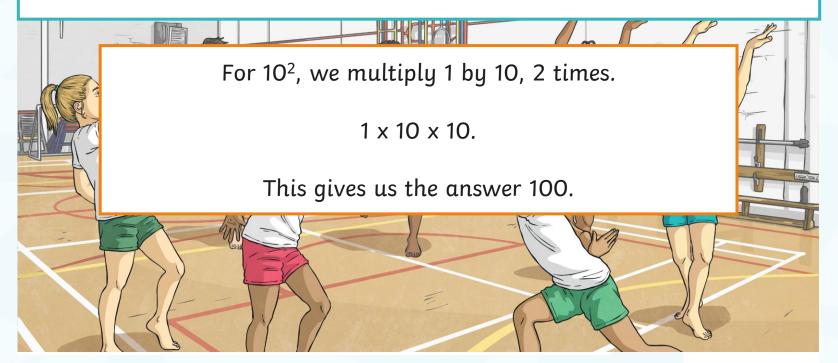




 $10^1 = 10$ 

 $10^2 = 100$ 

 $10^3 = 1000$ 



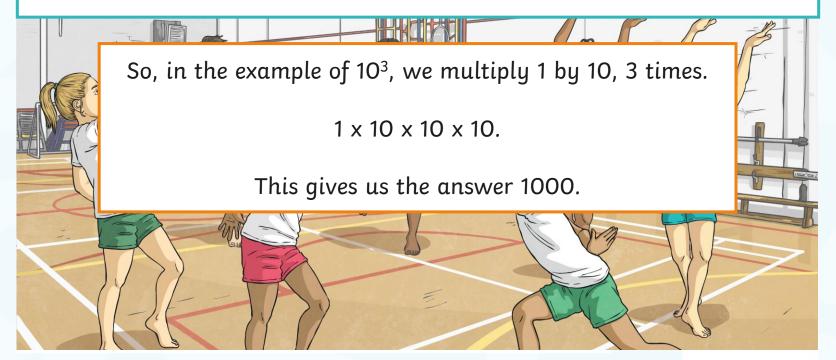




 $10^1 = 10$ 

 $10^2 = 100$ 

 $10^3 = 1000$ 









 $10^2 = 1 \times 10 \times 10 = 100$ 

 $10^3 = 1 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000$ 

Can you follow this pattern to find  $10^4$ ,  $10^5$  and  $10^6$ ?





When each power increases by one, the total amount is ten times the size of the last number. When a number is ten times the size, it moves one place to the left on a place value grid.

10<sup>1</sup>

10<sup>2</sup>

10<sup>4</sup>

10<sup>5</sup>

10<sup>6</sup>

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
					1	0
				1	0	0
			1	0	0	О
		1	0	0	0	О
	1	0	0	0	0	О
1	0	0	0	0	0	О





When we add or subtract different powers of 10, we start by identifying the correct digit in the number.

Let's look at an example.

Add 1000 to 45 689.

We need to identify the digit in the thousands place, because we are adding 1000.

Which digit is in the thousands place in 45 689?





By using a place value grid, we can check which digit is in the thousands place.

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
		4	5	6	8	9
						R



In 45 689, the 5 is in the thousands place.

						A STATE OF THE STA
Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
		4	5	6	8	9
						REC. Focus



In 45 689, the 5 is in the thousands place.

So, to add 1000, we simply add 1 to the thousands digit.

Can you say what 45 689 add 1000 is?

45 689 add 1000 is 46 689.

We added 1 to the thousands digit.







Now let's look at this example: Subtract 100 from 456 721.

First, we identify the digit in the hundreds place.

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	4	5	6	7	2	1
		111			6 /	





Now let's look at this example: Subtract 100 from 456 721.

We can see that the 7 is in the hundreds place.

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	4	5	6	7	2	1
		/ / /			61	





Now let's look at this example: Subtract 100 from 456 721.

We just need to subtract 1 from the hundreds digit.

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	4	5	6	7	2	1
		/ / /			61	





Now let's look at this example: Subtract 100 from 456 721.

#### So the answer to this calculation is 456 621.

Millions	Hundred thousands	Ten thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	4	5	6	6	2	1
		///			6 /	





The table below shows calculations involving adding and subtracting powers of 10.

Choose 2 of the calculations and solve them. You can use a place value chart to identify the correct digit.

*	**	***
23 658 - 100	762 198 + 10 000	1 764 357 - 10 000
8746 + 1000	92 857 - 100	7 874 672 + 100 000
76 430 + 10	874 931 + 1000	563 912 + 100





Check	•		
How d	.la yo	u get	on?

+ 1		
*	**	***
23 658 - 100 <b>= 23 558</b>	762 198 + 10 000 = <b>772 198</b>	1 764 357 - 10 000 = <b>1 754 357</b>
8746 + 1000 = <b>9746</b>	92 857 - 100 = <b>92 757</b>	7 874 672 + 100 000 = <b>7 974 672</b>
76 430 + 10 <b>= 76 440</b>	874 931 + 1000 = <b>875 931</b>	563 912 + 100 = <b>564 012</b>

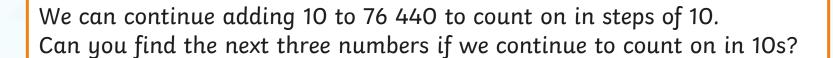




We can use our understanding of adding and subtracting powers of 10 in order to count in steps of powers of 10.

Let's use one of the examples from the table we just worked with:

76 430 + 10 = 76 440



If we continue to count forwards in steps of 10, the next three numbers are: **76 450, 76 460 and 76 470.** 

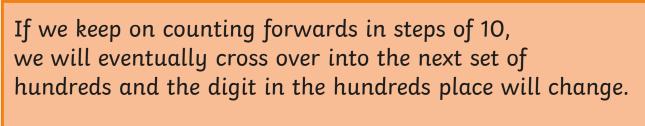






76 4**3**0, 76 4**4**0, 76 4**5**0, 76 4**6**0, 76 4**7**0...

So far we have just changed the digit in the tens place.



Can you keep counting in steps of 10 until you cross over into the next set of hundreds?







76 430, 76 440, 76 450, 76 460, 76 470, **76 480, 76 490, 76 500...** 

Once we have crossed over into the next set of hundreds, we can just keep on counting in steps of 10 by simply changing the tens digit again.

...76 510, 76 520, 76 530, 76 540...







This process is just the same when we count backwards in steps of powers of 10.

Let's try this one:

Starting at 586 271, count backwards in steps of 10 000.

190

Remember, first identify the digit in the ten thousands place. You can then take one 10 000 off the number by making the ten thousands digit one less each time.

Take care when crossing over into the next set of hundred thousands!

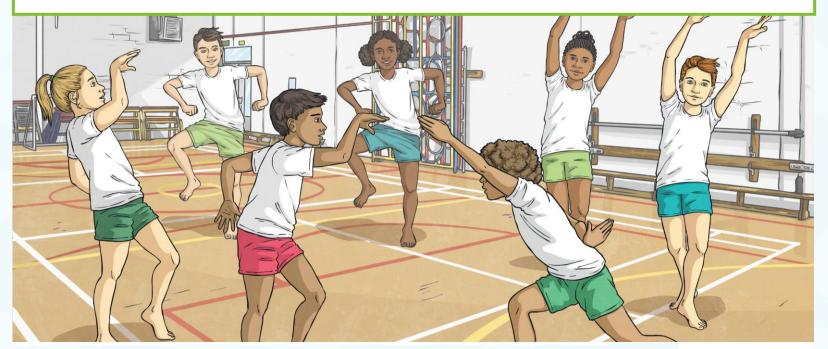






How did you do?

5**8**6 271, 5**7**6 271, 5**6**6 271, 5**5**6 271, 5**4**6 271, 5**3**6 271, 5**2**6 271, 5**1**6 271, 5**0**6 271, **49**6 271, 4**8**6 271...





#### Which Power of 10?



Look at each of these sequences. Can you identify in which power of 10 each sequence is counting forwards or backwards?

5 784, 5 884, 5 984, 6 084, 6 184, 6 284...

234 681, 224 681, 214 681, 204 681, 194 681, 184 681...

89 635, 89 625, 89 615, 89 605, 89 595, 89 585, 89 575...

3 226 764, 3 326 764, 3 426 764, 3 526 764, 3 626 764, 3 726 764...



#### Which Power of 10?



Did you identify the correct direction and power of 10 for each sequence?

5 **7**84, 5 **8**84, 5 **9**84, **6 0**84, 6 **1**84, 6 **2**84...

Forwards in 100s.

2**3**4 681, 2**2**4 681, 2**1**4 681, 2**0**4 681, **19**4 681, 1**8**4 681...

Backwards in 10 000s.

89 635, 89 625, 89 615, 89 605, 89 595, 89 585, 89 575...

Backwards in 10s.

3 **2**26 764, 3 **3**26 764, 3 **4**26 764, 3 **5**26 764, 3 **6**26 764, 3 **7**26 764...

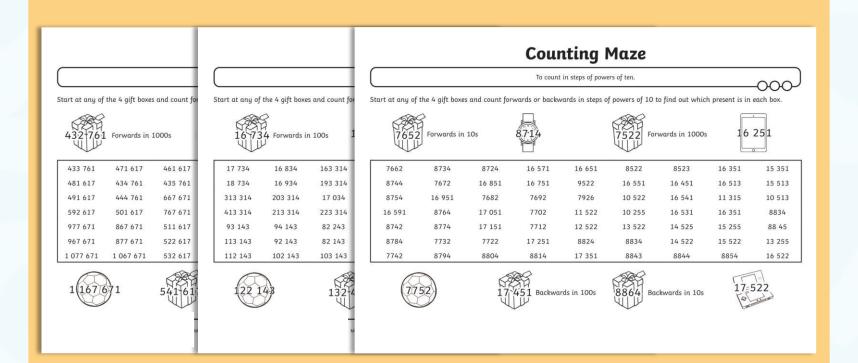
Forwards in 100 000s.



#### Counting Maze



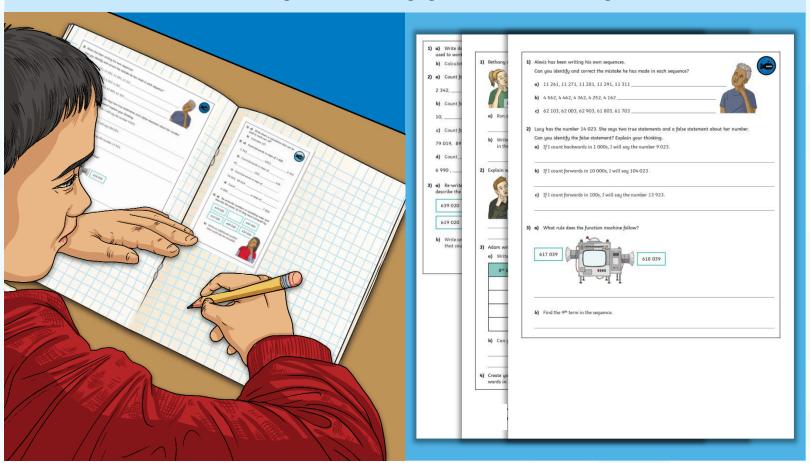
Move through the maze on your **Counting Maze Activity Sheet** by counting forwards and backwards in steps of powers of 10.





#### Diving into Mastery

#### Dive in by completing your own activity!





#### Giant Number Order



Your group has got 3 sets of **Giant Number Cards**. Unfortunately, the 3 sets are all messed up!

Each set of giant number cards shows a sequence created by counting in different powers of 10.

You need to sort the giant number cards into the 3 different sets, then put each set in order.





#### Aim



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